# Styling Maps Using CartoCSS

With CartoCSS you style a layer by setting properties on a layer's features. You do this by writing a series of statements. A statement takes the following form:

```
selector {
```

```
property: value;
```

}

Use as many property-value pairs in a statement as is necessary.

#### **Common properties**

## Markers (points)

marker-fill	inner part's color (color string)
marker-fill-opacity	inner part's opacity (0 to 1, lower is less visible)
marker-line-color	outer part's color
marker-line-opacity	outer part's opacity
marker-height	height (number, pixels)
marker-width	width (number, pixels)
marker-allow-overlap	draw all markers, even if they'll overlap (true/false)

## Lines

line-color	color of line (color string)
line-width	width of line (number, pixels)
line-opacity	opacity of line (see marker-fill-opacity)

## Polygons

polygon-fill	color of inside of polygon
polygon-opacity	opacity of inside of polygon

(Style the outside of polygons using line-\* properties.)

See all properties in the official documentation: http://bit.ly/cartocss-docs

#### Advanced selectors

## Selectors

You need to select a layer in order to style the features on that layer. In CartoDB, this is just the name of the table you are styling, followed by #. So if you uploaded a table called mysecretlocations, you could give all the markers on that layer a width of 3 using this statement:

```
#mysecretlocations {
    marker-width: 3;
}
```

## **Conditional selectors**

Style by the **zoom level** of the map:

```
#layer-name[zoom >= 5] { ... }
```

Style features by their attributes:

```
#layer-name[attribute = value] { ... }
for example, if the attribute (column in CartoDB) is text:
```

```
#buildings[state = 'New York'] { ... }
```

If the column is a number:

#buildings[height > 50] { ... }

Use any of the following in your conditional selectors:

```
= (equal),
```

!= (not equal),

```
>= (greater than or equal),
```

<= (less than or equal),

```
> (greater than),
```

```
< (less than)
```

## Multiple statements

You will likely use multiple statements on one map:

#layer-name[zoom >= 5] { ... }
#layer-name[zoom >= 10] { ... }

#layer-name[zoom >= 15] { ... }

but it is equivalent and preferred that these statements are *nested*:

```
#layer-name {
    [zoom >= 5] { ... }
    [zoom >= 10] { ... }
    [zoom >= 15] { ... }
}
```